Fonds de Compensation de la Sécurité Sociale, SICAV-FIS (the "Fund")

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable
investment means
an investment in an
economic activity
that contributes to
an environmental or
social objective,
provided that the
investment does not
significantly harm
any environmental
or social objective
and that the
investee companies
follow good

governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be

aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Product name: FDC SICAV Global Equities Paris Aligned – Indexed (the "Sub-Fund")

LEI: 5493008I18XQUKZ8LO20

Fund manager (by sub-delegation): State Street Global Advisors Limited (the "Fund Manager")

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?							
•		Yes	•	×	No		
	susta	inable investments with an onmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy		char its o	omotes Environmental/Social (E/S) racteristics and while it does not have as bjective a sustainable investment, it will a minimum proportion of% of ainable investments with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective		
	susta	make a minimum of inable investments with a objective:%	×	•	omotes E/S characteristics, but will not e any sustainable investments		



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

The Sub-Fund promotes certain environmental characteristics through investments in companies which exhibit lower carbon emissions in the way of current emissions and future emissions (measured by fossil fuel reserves), produce green revenues and are better positioned for the physical risks posed by climate change. In addition to this, further environmental and social characteristics are promoted by a negative and norms-based screen applied by the Fund Manager to the Sub-Fund's portfolio to screen out securities based on an assessment of their adherence to ESG criteria.

Specifically, the Fund Manager does not proceed to investments in companies which violate UN Global Compact principles relating to environment (Principles 7 to 9) and which are active in thermal coal, arctic oil & gas exploration, and oil sands extraction. The Fund Manager does also not proceed to investments in companies which violate UN Global Compact Principles relating to human rights (Principles 1 and 2), labour standards (Principles 3 to 6), anti-corruption (Principle 10) and companies associated with controversial weapons, civilian firearms, and tobacco.

It should be noted that, in implementing its investment strategy and as an overarching binding restriction, the Fund Manager is also required to exclude companies from the Sub-Fund's portfolio referenced on the Fund's proprietary exclusion list. The latter screens out companies based on their involvement in controversial practices against international norms. The core normative framework consists of the Principles of the UN Global Compact, the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles for Business and Human Rights. Equally screened out are companies linked to following controversial weapons: anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons, biological weapons, depleted uranium, white phosphorus and Fund's exclusion be weapons. The list can https://fdc.public.lu/en/investissement-responsable/liste-exclusion-fdc.html.

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The attainment of the environmental characteristics is measured through the higher exposure of the Sub-Fund's portfolio (relative to the MSCI World Index ("Index")) to companies that are mitigating greenhouse gas emissions and adapting to climate related risks by constructing the portfolio that aims to:

- a) Minimise:
 - o carbon emission intensity (emissions scaled by revenue);
 - brown revenues;
 - fossil fuel reserves;
 - sensitivity to climate risks;
 - o implied temperature rise; and
 - climate value at risk.
- b) Maximise green revenues.
- c) Improve the carbon risk rating.

A further attainment of the environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Fund is measured through: % of the portfolio invested in securities that are included in the negative and norms based screen specifically related to environmental and social characteristics.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

The Sub-fund does not commit to make sustainable investments.

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Not applicable.

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

Not applicable.

— How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?

Not applicable.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes, the Sub-Fund considers Principal Adverse Impacts ("PAI") on sustainability factors by applying the negative and norms-based ESG screen prior to the construction of the Sub-Fund's portfolio.

Specifically, the Sub-Fund considers:

- Greenhouse gas emissions.
- Carbon footprint.
- Greenhouse gas intensity of investee companies.
- Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector.
- Share of non-renewable energy consumption and production.
- Violations of UN Global Compact Principles.
- Exposure to controversial weapons.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Sub-Fund's objective is to replicate its benchmark, the MSCI World Total Return (net) expressed in USD and converted into EUR while aligning its investments with the Paris Agreement goal of limiting global warming to well below 2°C. The Sub-Fund invests in normal market conditions in equities and equity-equivalent securities included in its benchmark which captures large and mid-cap representation across developed markets.

The Sub-Fund's general investment approach is described in the Fund's Issue Document.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

In implementing this strategy, the Fund Manager employs a quantitative process to construct a portfolio of securities taking into account certain ESG factors such as: carbon intensity (emissions scaled by revenue, fossil fuel reserves, green revenues, brown revenues and ratings for climate adaptation. The resulting portfolio of the Sub-Fund intends to provide higher exposure (relative to its benchmark) to companies that are mitigating and adapting to climate related risks. The securities in the Sub-Fund are selected from the constituents of the benchmark and the Fund Manager applies the negative and norms-based ESG screen prior to the construction of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund and on an ongoing basis.

Application of the ESG screens results in the exclusion of any securities from the portfolio based on an assessment of their adherence to certain ESG criteria defined by the Fund Manager. The Fund Manager will screen out securities of issuers identified as being non-compliant with UN Global Compact Principles. More precisely, the Fund Manager does not proceed to investments in companies which violate UN Global Compact principles relating to environment and which are active in thermal coal, arctic oil & gas exploration, and oil sands extraction. The Fund Manager does also not proceed to investments in companies which violate UN Global Compact Principles relating to human rights, labour standards, anticorruption and companies associated with controversial weapons, civilian firearms, and tobacco. The Fund Manager may use additional ESG screens from time to time in order to exclude securities of issuers based on their involvement with an activity that is deemed noncompliant with one or more of such ESG criteria.

The assessment of good governance practices is implemented through the negative screening utilised by the Fund Manager. Companies deemed by SSGA to not violate UN Global Compact Principles are considered to exhibit good governance.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

The Sub-Fund does not commit to reduce the scope of the investments by a minimum rate prior to the application of the investment strategy.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

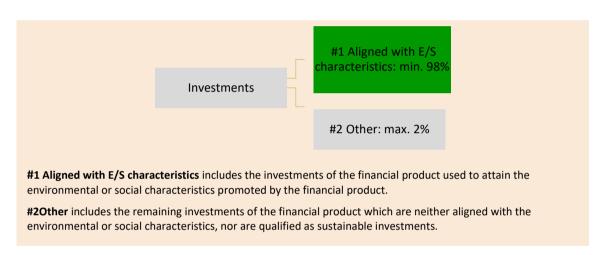
Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



The assessment of good governance practices is implemented through the negative and norm-based screening described above.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The Fund Manager employs a binding ESG methodology which aims to build a portfolio where at least 98% of the Sub-Fund's assets are invested in securities which are aligned with environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund. The remaining portion (<2%) of the portfolio, consisting for example of cash or derivatives held at the Fund Manager's discretion, will not be aligned with the promoted environmental and social characteristics.



Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure
 (CapEx) showing the
 green investments
 made by investee
 companies, e.g. for a
 transition to a green
 economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The Fund Manager does not use derivatives to attain the environmental or social characteristics of the Sub-Fund.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy? Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective. Fossil gas criteria include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. Nuclear energy criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. The full criteria are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

The Sub-Fund does not aim or commit to invest in sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy.

The Sub-Fund does not aim or commit to invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?
The Sub-Fund does not commit to a minimum share in transitional and enabling activities.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-Fund does not commit to a minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

The Sub-Fund does not commit to a minimum share of socially sustainable investments.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The Sub-Fund may hold a portion of its assets in cash or cash equivalents, including financial derivative instruments employed for efficient portfolio management, hedging or liquidity management purposes, at the Fund Manager's discretion, which are classified under #2 Other in the above table.

Given the nature of cash or cash equivalents or including financial derivative instruments employed for efficient portfolio management, hedging or liquidity management purposes, such assets will not be aligned with environmental and social characteristics nor will there be any environmental or social safeguards associated with such assets in place.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?
Not applicable. How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

Not applicable.

- How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?
 Not applicable.
- Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

Not applicable.



Where can I find more specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on websites:

- https://www.fdc.lu
- https://fdc.public.lu/en/investissement-responsable/approches-durables-gerants-fdc.html

More information about the Fund Manager can be found on website:

https://www.ssga.com/us/en/institutional/ic/capabilities/esg

Schedule of changes:				
V1	October 2023	Initial version		
V2	February 2024	Review in terms of form but not content		
V3	March 2025	Upgrade of the climate strategy (changes within share of brown revenues, fossil fuel reserves, green revenues as well implementation of additional metrics (Carbon Risk Rating, Climate Value-at-Risk, Climate Beta and Implied Temperature Rise)).		